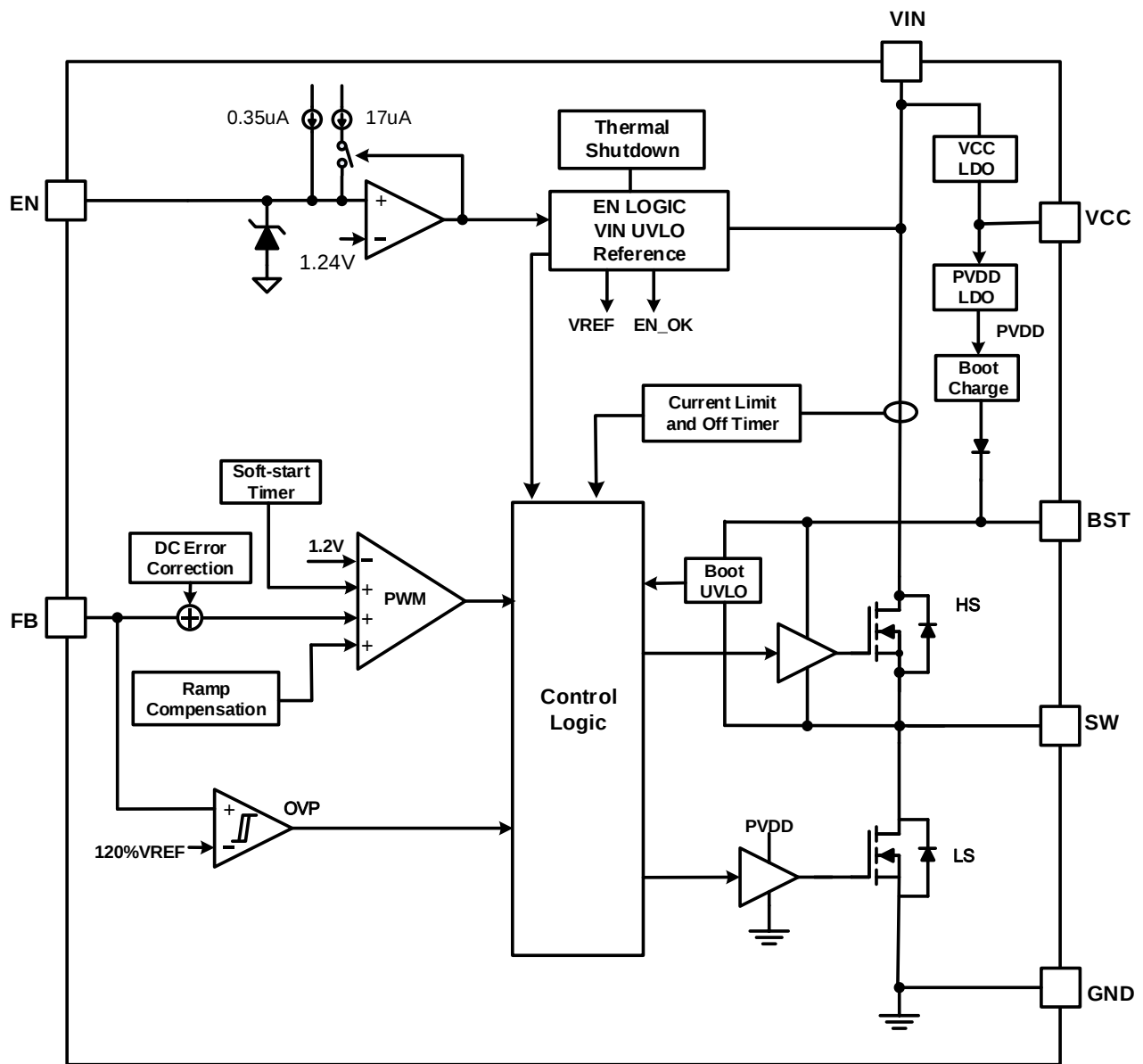
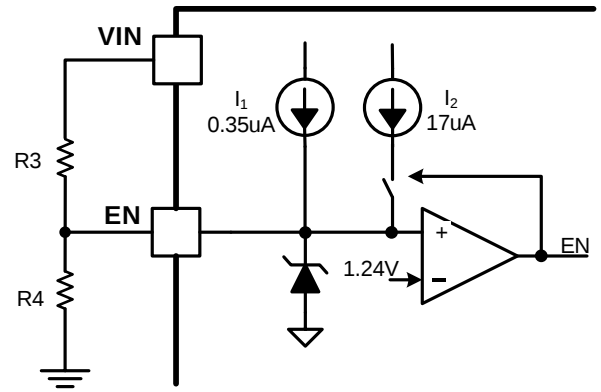
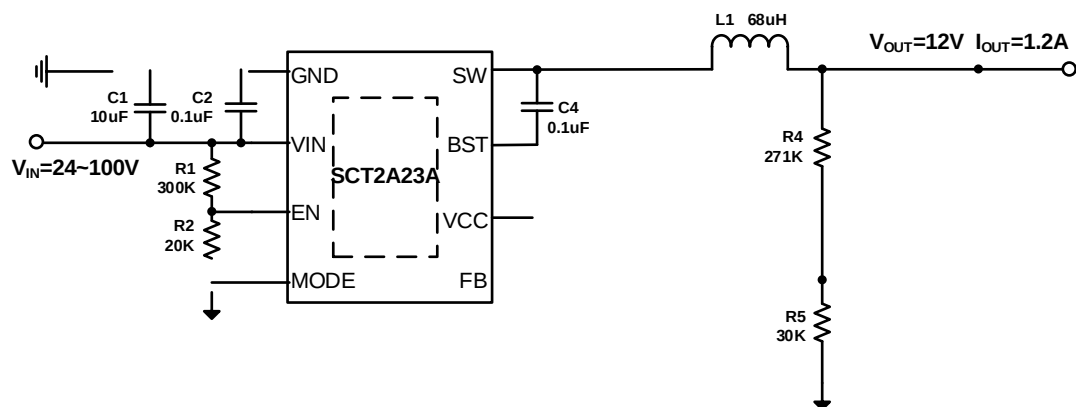

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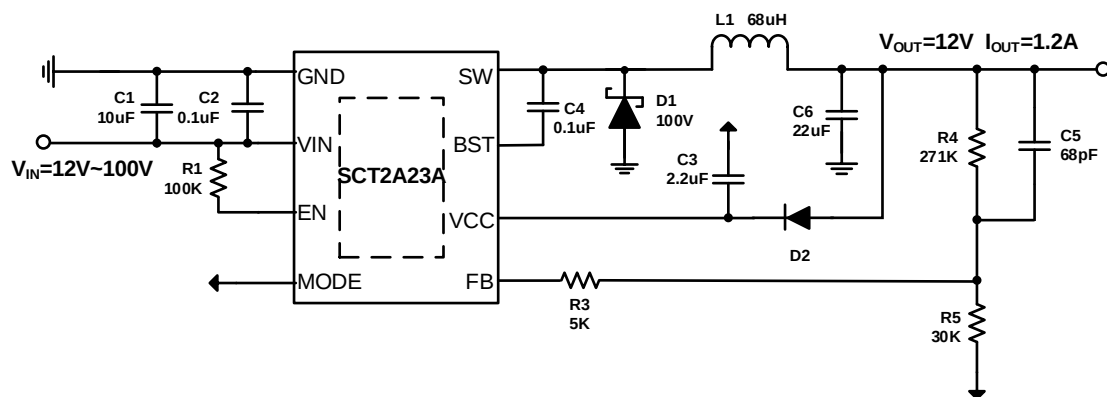




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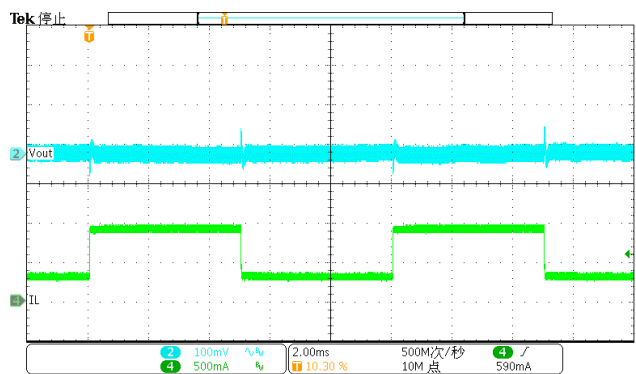
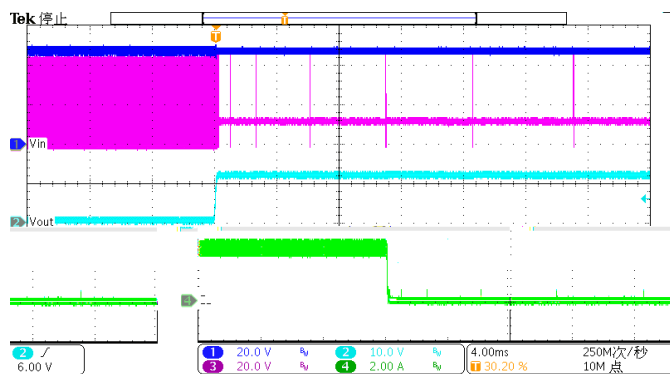
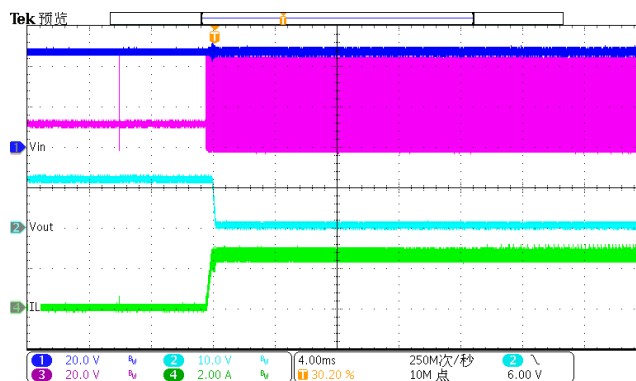
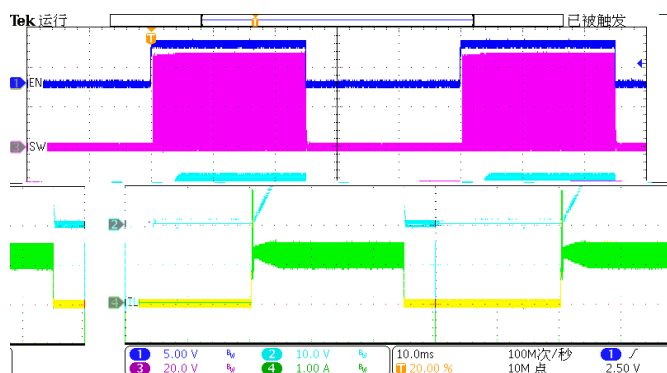
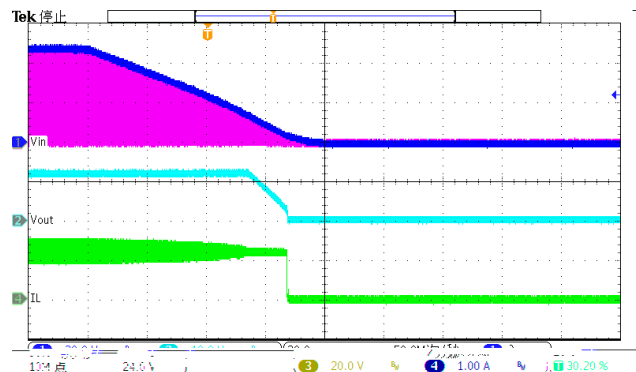
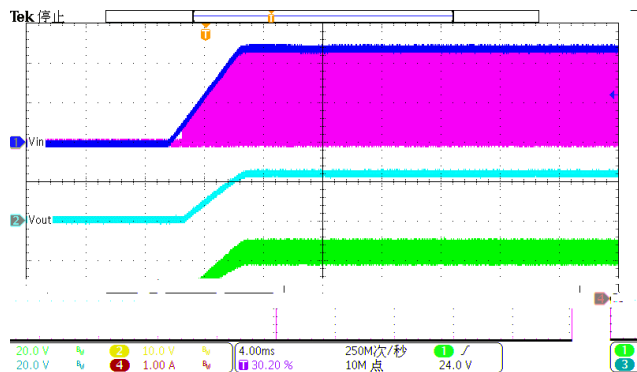
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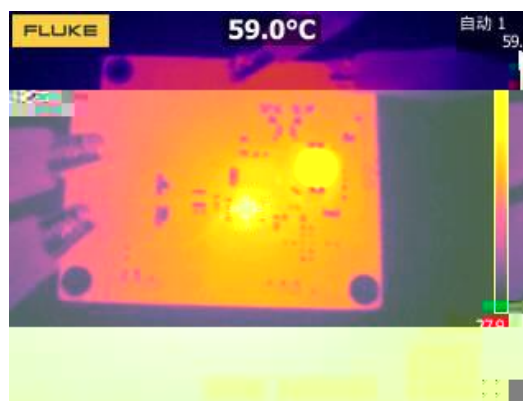
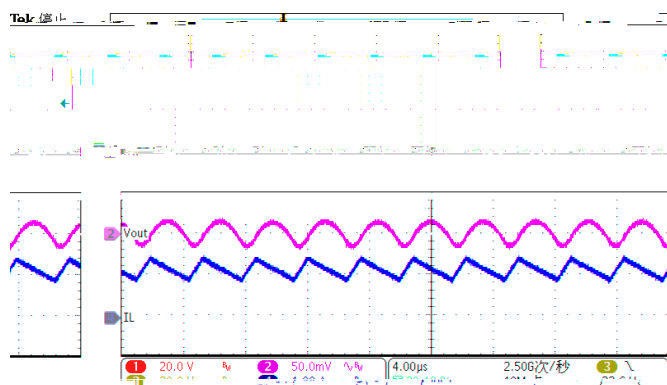
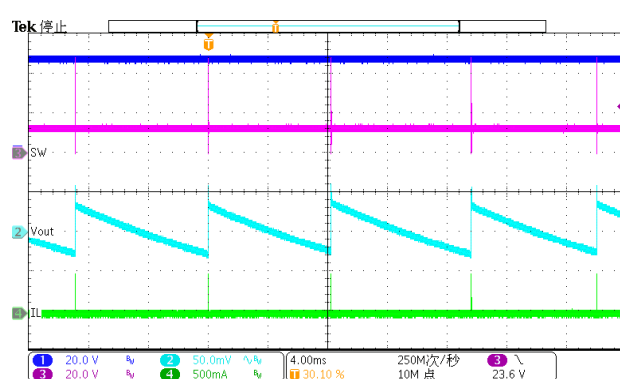
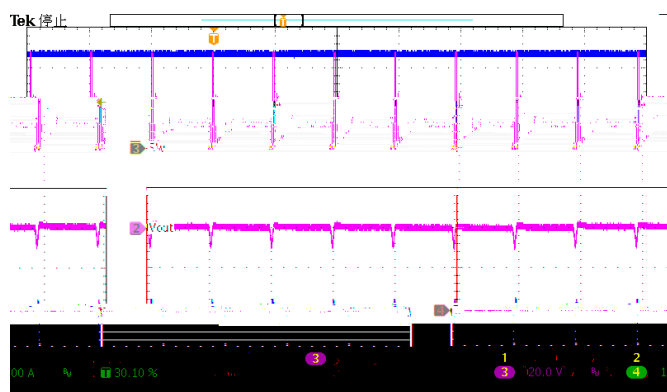
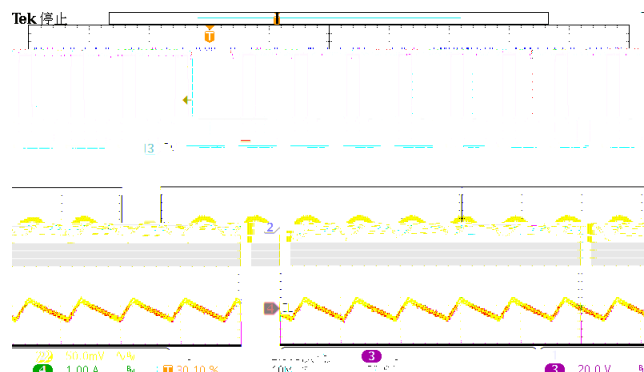
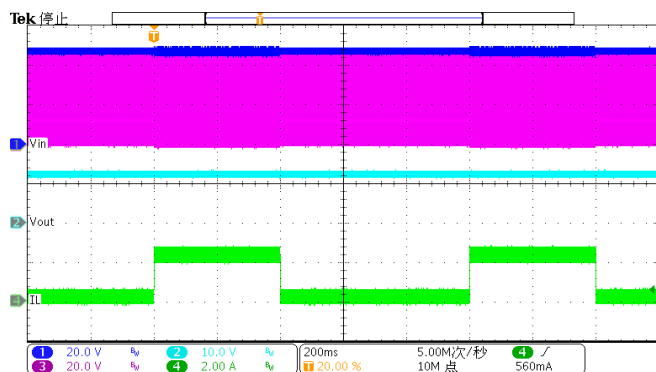
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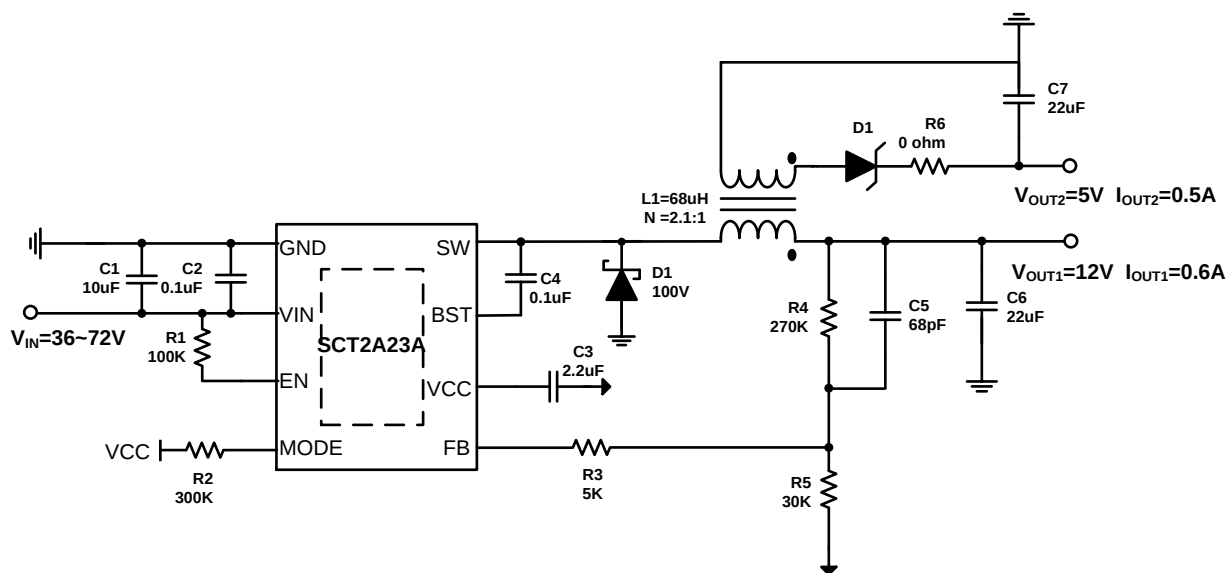
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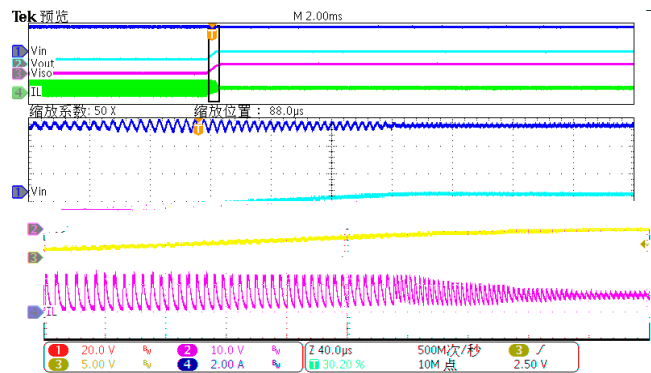
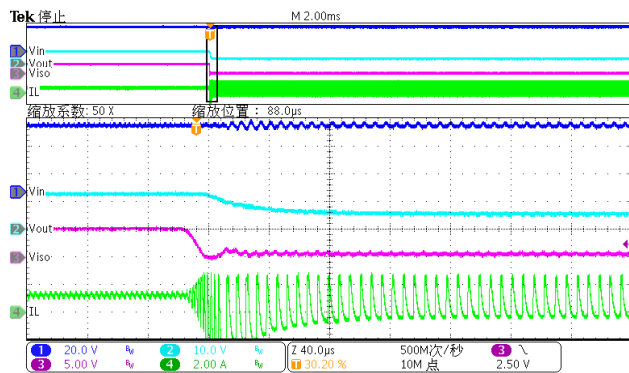
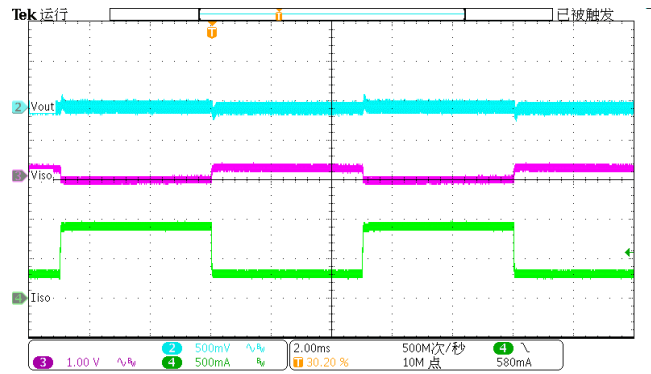
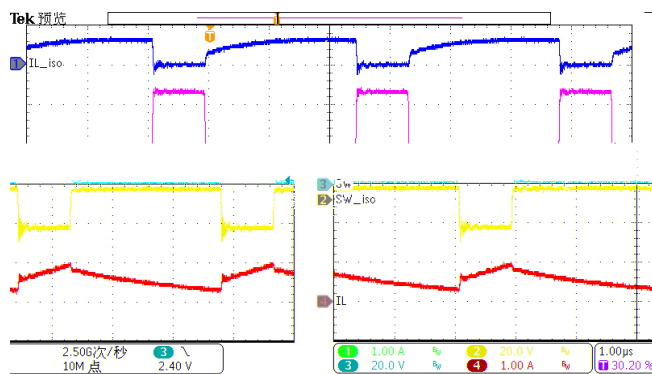
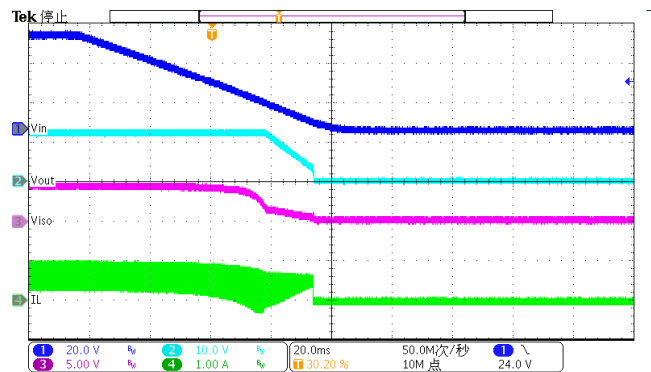
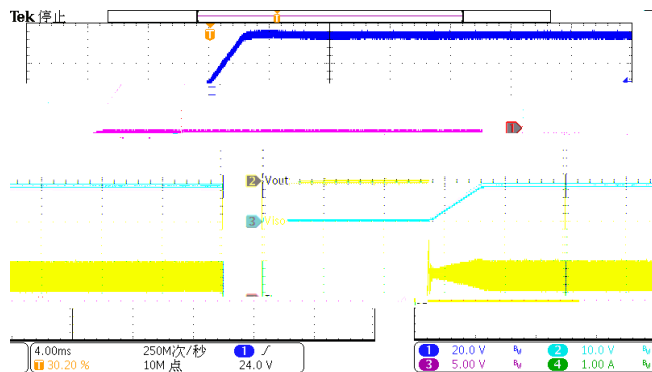






The primary output voltage in a Iso-Buck converter should be no more than one half of the minimum input voltage. For example, at the minimum V_{IN} of 36 V, the primary output voltage (V_{OUT1}) should be no higher than 18V. The isolated output voltage V_{OUT2} is set by selecting a transformer with a turns ratio ($N_1:N_2 = N_{PRI}:N$

output volt0EM



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